Monthly Removals Report to Parliament

Month: September 2026

The Canada Border Services Agency has a statutory obligation to remove all individuals subject to an enforceable removal order as soon as possible. The existence of a removal order does not automatically mean that the Canada Border Services Agency is in a position to immediately remove someone from the country.

Persons ordered removed are entitled to due process before the law and cannot be removed until pending legal avenues that stay a removal have been resolved. In addition, impediments may exist that must be resolved which may delay removals from Canada.

In accordance with section 49(3) of the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act*, the Minister must prepare a report in respect of each month of the year that sets out the number of removal orders that were enforced in that month, the number of removal orders that were not enforced in accordance with subsection (3) and the reasons for the delays. (4) The report must also include countries of origin, age and gender breakdowns and criminal backgrounds of persons removed.

The Canada Border Services Agency maintains the Removal inventories to track and manage all individuals with removal orders.

The Removals in progress inventory includes individuals who can be processed for removal. At this stage, Canada Border Services Agency works with the individual and foreign countries to overcome challenges to removal, including but not limited to, the issuance of travel documents.

The Removal not Possible inventory includes individuals that cannot currently be removed. These include, but are not limited to, pending Federal Court appeals, criminal charges, or Pre-Removal Risk Assessments, and sentences of imprisonment.

The Wanted inventory includes individuals who failed to appear for removal proceedings and the Canada Border Services Agency is working to locate the foreign national.

The Canada Border Services Agency uses electronic databases. Case information is updated daily or at the earliest opportunity.

Due to some delays in entering confirmations of departure, this monthly report may not reflect all removals enforced within the reporting month. Numbers provided in the report are as of October 1, 2026.

(a) Removals Enforced and Reasons for Delays

The status of an individual may change over time, and an individual may appear in different inventories, at different times.

Individuals who have left Canada without confirming their departure with a Canada Border Services Agency official remain in the removal inventory until sufficient evidence demonstrates that they are no longer in Canada and the removal order can be enforced administratively.

The tables below display removals enforced to date, as well as the breakdown of individuals located in the Removal in Progress, Removal Not Possible and Wanted inventories, and the reason for delay.

Removals enforced	1,429

Reason for delay		Total
i.	Removal is in progress – no known impediment	41,074
ii.	Removal In Progress Inventory – administrative impediments	11,383
	a. Travel document challenges	6,898
	b. Family member of a Convention Refugee	1,337
	c. Family member with a Stay	1,392
	d. Medical reasons	68
	e. Other administrative impediments	1,688
iii.	Removal Not Possible Inventory – legislative and regulatory stays	42,652
	a. Pending pre-removal risk assessment	12,485
	b. Federal court ordered stay	6,140
	c. Administrative Deferral of Removal	15,408
	d. Temporary Suspension of Removal	4,540
	e. Outstanding criminal charges	1,084
	f. Serving a sentence	560
	g. Other stays	2,435
iv.	Wanted Inventory – inability to locate the individual	34,319
Total		129,428

(b) Removals by Age and Gender

Individuals who were 17 years of age or younger at the time of removal are considered a "Minor" in age category. Individuals who were 18 years of age or older, have been disaggregated by age range.

The below table displays the total enforced removals disaggregated by Age and Gender.

Age	Male	Female	Another Gender	Unknown*	Total
0-17	68	64	0	0	132
18-25	151	50	0	0	201
26-35	321	99	0	0	420
36-45	213	89	0	0	302
46-55	156	61	0	0	217
56-65	69	32	0	0	101
66+	32	24	0	0	56
Total	1,010	419	0	0	1,429

* "Unknown" indicates that the field was left blank in the database.

(c) Removals with Criminality

Section 36 of the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act* outlines when someone may be considered criminally inadmissible to Canada. This includes situations where a person has been convicted of a crime either in Canada or abroad, which can lead to inadmissibility or cancellation of a temporary resident visa. Those subsections are 36(1)(a), 36(1)(b), 36(2)(a) and 36(2)(b).

The *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act* specifies that foreign nationals may be inadmissible for any of the following reasons:

- security;
- crimes against humanity and war crimes;
- criminality;
- organized crime;
- risk to health of Canadians or excessive demand on health services;
- misrepresentation;
- inability to financially support oneself or their dependents;
- and non-compliance with the law (e.g., overstaying the time an individual is permitted to remain in Canada).

The full descriptions of the inadmissibilities can be found in section 33 to 42, Grounds for inadmissibility, of the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act*.

The table below displays the total enforced removals, disaggregated by inadmissibility for removal.

Inadmissibility Name and Corresponding Section Under the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act*	Total
Criminality (section 36)	91
Misrepresentation (section 40)	10
Non-Compliance (section 41) – non-refugee claimants	214
Non-Compliance (section 41) – failed refugee claimants (includes those found ineligible)	1,104
Security (section 34) or Human and International Rights Violations (section 35) or Organized Crime (section 37)	5
Health (section 38), or Financial (section 39), or Cessation (section 40.1), or Inadmissible Family Member (section 42)	5
Total	1,429

* The Canada Border Services Agency applies the *Privacy Act* and the principles set out in the *Access to Information Act.* Where the number is 5 or fewer, information regarding the precise number has been combined with another small-value group on the grounds that there is a risk of compromising privacy and confidentiality.

(d) Removals by Country of Origin

The below table displays the total enforced removals disaggregated by country of origin.

Country of Origin	Total	Country of Origin	Total
Algeria	32	Israel	13
Angola	13	Jamaica	10
Bangladesh	25	Jordan	7
Barbados	6	Kenya	9
Brazil	11	Korea - South	6
Cameroon	7	Lebanon	9
Chad	7	Mauritania	7
Chile	25	Mexico	252
China	50	Morocco	14
Colombia	46	Nigeria	22
Costa Rica	6	Pakistan	20
Czechia	8	Philippines	14
Dominican Republic	7	Romania	58
France	15	Senegal	13
Ghana	15	Spain	7
Guatemala	8	Sri Lanka	13
Guinea	8	Tunisia	10
Haiti	70	Turkey	15
Hungary	7	United Kingdom	21
India	268	United States of America	73
Iran	8	Venezuela	9
Ireland	19	Vietnam	10
		Other Countries*	156
		Total	1,429

* The Canada Border Services Agency applies the *Privacy Act* and the principles set out in the *Access to Information Act.* Where the number is 5 or fewer, information regarding the precise number has been withheld on the grounds that there is a risk of compromising privacy and confidentiality. Other countries includes: Afghanistan, Albania, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Belgium, Benin, Bulgaria, Burkina-Faso, Burundi, Central African Republic, Congo - DR, Congo - PR, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Dominica, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Grenada, Guyana, Honduras, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Korea - North, Liberia, Libya, Lithuania, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mali, Mauritius, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands, Nicaragua, Niger, Palestinian Authority (Gaza/West Bank), Peru, Poland, Portugal, Russia, Rwanda, Sierra Leone, Slovakia, Somalia, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Stateless, Sudan, Sweden, Switzerland, Syria, Taiwan, Tajikistan, Tanzania, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Uganda, Ukraine, Uzbekistan, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe.