Monthly Removals Report to Parliament

Month: May 2026

The Canada Border Services Agency has a statutory obligation to remove all individuals subject to an enforceable removal order as soon as possible. The existence of a removal order does not automatically mean that the Canada Border Services Agency is in a position to immediately remove someone from the country.

Persons ordered removed are entitled to due process before the law and cannot be removed until pending legal avenues that stay a removal have been resolved. In addition, impediments may exist that must be resolved which may delay removals from Canada.

In accordance with section 49(3) of the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act*, the Minister must prepare a report in respect of each month of the year that sets out the number of removal orders that were enforced in that month, the number of removal orders that were not enforced in accordance with subsection (3) and the reasons for the delays. (4) The report must also include countries of origin, age and gender breakdowns and criminal backgrounds of persons removed.

The Canada Border Services Agency maintains the Removal inventories to track and manage all individuals with removal orders.

The Removals in progress inventory includes individuals who can be processed for removal. At this stage, Canada Border Services Agency works with the individual and foreign countries to overcome challenges to removal, including but not limited to, the issuance of travel documents.

The Removal not Possible inventory includes individuals that cannot currently be removed. These include, but are not limited to, pending Federal Court appeals, criminal charges, or Pre-Removal Risk Assessments, and sentences of imprisonment.

The Wanted inventory includes individuals who failed to appear for removal proceedings and the Canada Border Services Agency is working to locate the foreign national.

The Canada Border Services Agency uses electronic databases. Case information is updated daily or at the earliest opportunity.

Due to some delays in entering confirmations of departure, this monthly report may not reflect all removals enforced within the reporting month. Numbers provided in the report are as of June 1, 2026.

(a) Removals Enforced and Reasons for Delays

The status of an individual may change over time, and an individual may appear in different inventories, at different times.

Individuals who have left Canada without confirming their departure with a Canada Border Services Agency official remain in the removal inventory until sufficient evidence demonstrates that they are no longer in Canada and the removal order can be enforced administratively.

The tables below display removals enforced to date, as well as the breakdown of individuals located in the Removal in Progress, Removal Not Possible and Wanted inventories, and the reason for delay.

Removals enforced	1,933

Reason for delay		Total
i.	Removal is in progress – no known impediment	24,210
ii.	Removal In Progress Inventory – administrative impediments	10,796
	a. Travel document challenges	6,860
	b. Family member of a Convention Refugee	1,350
	c. Family member with a Stay	1,110
	d. Medical reasons	63
	e. Other administrative impediments	1,413
iii.	Removal Not Possible Inventory – legislative and regulatory stays	29,998
	a. Pending pre-removal risk assessment	5,420
	b. Federal court ordered stay	5,343
	c. Administrative Deferral of Removal	11,257
	d. Temporary Suspension of Removal	3,807
	e. Outstanding criminal charges	968
	f. Serving a sentence	550
	g. Other stays	2,653
iv.	Wanted Inventory – inability to locate the individual	33,588
Total		98,592

(b) Removals by Age and Gender

Individuals who were 17 years of age or younger at the time of removal are considered a "Minor" in age category. Individuals who were 18 years of age or older, have been disaggregated by age range.

The below table displays the total enforced removals disaggregated by Age and Gender.

Age	Male	Female	Another Gender	Unknown*	Total
0-17	73	60	0	0	133
18-25	272	70	0	0	342
26-35	498	142	0	0	640
36-45	299	107	0	0	406
46-55	184	60	0	0	244
56-65	86	36	0	0	122
66+	30	16	0	0	46
Total	1,442	491	0	0	1,933

* "Unknown" indicates that the field was left blank in the database.

(c) Removals with Criminality

Section 36 of the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act* outlines when someone may be considered criminally inadmissible to Canada. This includes situations where a person has been convicted of a crime either in Canada or abroad, which can lead to inadmissibility or cancellation of a temporary resident visa. Those subsection are 36(1)(a), 36(1)(b), 36(2)(a) and 36(2)(b).

The *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act* specifies that foreign nationals may be inadmissible for any of the following reasons:

- security;
- crimes against humanity and war crimes;
- criminality;
- organized crime;
- risk to health of Canadians or excessive demand on health services;
- misrepresentation;
- inability to financially support oneself or their dependents;
- and non-compliance with the law (e.g., overstaying the time an individual is permitted to remain in Canada).

The full descriptions of the inadmissibilities can be found in section 33 to 42, Grounds for inadmissibility, of the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act*.

The table below displays the total enforced removals, disaggregated by inadmissibility for removal.

Inadmissibility Name and Corresponding Section Under the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act*	Total
Criminality (section 36)	87
Misrepresentation (section 40)	8
Non-Compliance (section 41) – non-refugee claimants	218
Non-Compliance (section 41) – failed refugee claimants (includes those found ineligible)	1,609
Security (section 34), Human and International Rights Violations (section 35), and Organized Crime (section 37)	9
Health (section 38), Financial (section 39), Cessation (section 40.1), and Inadmissible Family Member (section 42)	2
Total	1,933

* The Canada Border Services Agency applies the *Privacy Act* and the principles set out in the *Access to Information Act.* Where the number is fewer than 5, information regarding the precise number has been withheld on the grounds that there is a risk of compromising privacy and confidentiality.

(d) Removals by Country of Origin

The below table displays the total enforced removals disaggregated by country of origin.

Country of Origin	Total	Country of Origin	Total
Afghanistan	7	Kenya	7
Algeria	39	Lebanon	11
Bangladesh	46	Liberia	5
Brazil	10	Mauritania	11
Cambodia	5	Mexico	271
Chad	13	Morocco	12
Chile	25	Nicaragua	5
China	40	Nigeria	26
Colombia	62	Pakistan	19
Congo - DR	8	Peru	12
Costa Rica	11	Philippines	10
Côte d'Ivoire	9	Romania	67
Cuba	9	Senegal	23
France	10	Somalia	8
Georgia	7	Spain	5
Ghana	9	Sri Lanka	14
Guatemala	7	Syria	5
Guinea	12	Turkey	74
Haiti	34	Uganda	5
Honduras	9	UK - Citizen	29
Hungary	12	United States of America	85
India	667	Venezuela	18
Iran	7	Vietnam	6
Jamaica	14	Other Countries*	133
		Total	1,933

* The Canada Border Services Agency applies the *Privacy Act* and the principles set out in the *Access to Information Act.* Where the number is fewer than 5, information regarding the precise number has been withheld on the grounds that there is a risk of compromising privacy and confidentiality. Other countries includes: Albania, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bolivia, Burkina-Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Congo - PR, Croatia, Czechia, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Germany, Greece, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Korea - South, Kosovo, Latvia, Libya, Lithuania, Malaysia, Mali, Mongolia, Nepal, Netherlands, Norway, Palestinian Authority (Gaza/West Bank), Paraguay, Poland, Portugal, Russia, Rwanda, Sierra Leone, South Africa, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Stateless, Sudan, Sweden, Taiwan, Tajikistan, Tanzania, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, Zimbabwe.